

# ***Champlain Valley Educational Services***

## ***CODE OF CONDUCT***

***Adopted: July 12, 2023***

## CVES CODE OF CONDUCT

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## CODE OF CONDUCT

### CVES Mission Statement

*“Champlain Valley Educational Services is committed to being a valued and trusted partner by supporting students, schools, and communities to excel through high-quality education, training, and shared services.”*

### CVES Vision Statement

*“We aspire to be **the** premier provider of dynamic and innovative educational programs and services, serving as a catalyst for personal and regional growth and development towards a brighter global future.”*

### Core Beliefs

- *Students are our first priority.*
- *Staff are essential to the health and well-being of our organization.*
- *We value open and honest communication.*
- *We embrace collaboration and shared decision-making.*
- *We promote creativity and innovation.*
- ***ALL** students can learn and be successful.*
- *We lead and act with integrity, fostering respect for all by ensuring the acceptance, inclusion, and celebration of our community members.*
- *Students, family, and community are valued partners for success.*
- *We ensure a safe, supportive learning and work environment.*
- *We all impact the educational process and are dedicated to perform at the highest possible levels.*

### Public Non-Discrimination Notice:

Champlain Valley Educational Services does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, age or any other legally protected status in its programs, activities, employment, and admissions; and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. Inquiries regarding this nondiscrimination policy may be directed to one of the following Civil Rights Compliance Officers:

Civil Rights Compliance Officer  
Mr. Matthew Walentuk  
518 Rugar Street  
Plattsburgh, NY 12901  
(518) 561-0100 Ext. 363  
[walentuk\\_matt@cves.org](mailto:walentuk_matt@cves.org)

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## I. INTRODUCTION

**CVES is committed to providing a safe and orderly educational environment where students receive, and CVES personnel deliver, quality educational services without disruption or interference. Responsible behavior by all individuals, including students, teachers, parents, volunteers, vendors, contractors, CVES personnel, component district personnel, and other visitors is essential to achieving this goal.**

CVES has a long-standing set of expectations for conduct on CVES property and at CVES functions. These expectations are based on the principles of civility, mutual respect, citizenship, character, acceptance, kindness, inclusion, tolerance, honesty, and integrity. CVES embraces research-based programs and strategies that prevent crisis from occurring, de-escalating potential crises, managing disruptive and acute physical behaviors, reducing potential and actual injury to personnel and students, teaching students adaptive coping skills and developing a positive learning environment. Such programs and strategies include but are not limited to: Therapeutic Crisis Intervention for Schools (TCIS), CALM, restorative and trauma informed practices.

Unless otherwise indicated, this Code of Conduct applies to all individuals, including students, CVES personnel, parents, persons in parental relation, volunteers, vendors, contractors, and other visitors when on CVES property or attending a CVES function. Adult students enrolled in adult education courses should consult their individual student handbook for specific disciplinary procedures. CVES Rise Center for Success Special Education and CV-TEC CTE programs or services provided in component district/"host building" locations, unless otherwise authorized, shall comply with the Code of Conduct prescribed by that building/district. Students who attend any CVES Rise Center for Success Special Education and CV-TEC CTE program or service, regardless of location, should be aware that their conduct will be subject not only to CVES' Code of Conduct and the applicable component district's/"host building's" Code of Conduct, but may also be governed by additional provisions of the Code of Conduct in place in the student's home district of residence.

The Board recognizes the need to clearly define these expectations for acceptable conduct on CVES property and while attending CVES functions, to identify the possible consequences of unacceptable conduct, and to ensure that discipline when necessary is administered promptly and fairly. To this end, the CVES Board adopts this code of conduct. This Code of Conduct has been drafted in collaboration with all stakeholders to meet the requirements of the Project SAVE legislation (Education Law §2801), section 100.2(1) of the Education Commissioner's Regulations, and the Dignity for All Students Act (DASA). The law seeks to improve school safety and to ensure a safe and effective learning environment.

**II. DEFINITIONS** For purposes of this code, the following definitions apply: *(Some of the following definitions are defined by law and regulation and included in the Code of Conduct for simplicity. To the extent any definitions here differ from legally required definitions, such legal definitions are controlling.)*

**Behavioral Intervention Plan:** A plan that is based on the results of the functional behavioral assessment and, at a minimum, includes a description of the problem behavior, global and specific hypotheses as to why the problem behavior occurs and intervention strategies that include positive behavioral supports and services to address the behavior.

**Behavior Management System:** A process or system of consequences for behavior that is developed and monitored by staff in a particular building, program, or classroom which is used by staff and students in order to monitor and improve student behaviors.

**Bullying:** Is unwanted, aggressive behavior that involves a real or perceived power imbalance. The behavior is repeated, or has the potential to be repeated, over time. Bullying can be verbal (e.g., teasing, name-calling), social (e.g., exclusion, public embarrassment), or physical (e.g., hitting, damaging personal belongings).

**Business Day:** Monday through Friday, except for federal or State holidays.

**CALM:** A medically evaluated physical intervention program developed by the New England Center for Children focusing on de-escalation and the safety of students and staff. CALM procedures are not intended to be used as a behavior intervention or to reduce challenging behaviors. CALM was developed specifically for professionals working with students over the age of 5 and diagnosed with autism or related disorders. CALM will be used in the Autism classrooms at CVES.

**CVES Function:** A CVES sponsored curricular, co-curricular and/or extracurricular event or activity, or a CVES sponsored work site/internship.

**CVES Property:** Means in or within any building, structure, athletic playing field, playground, parking lot, or land contained within the real property boundary line of a public elementary or secondary school; or in or on a school bus or any CVES owned or leased equipment, building, structure, playground, parking lot or land wherever situated. (Education Law §11[1]).

**Cheating:** The use of fraudulent means to complete an academic assignment or test.

**Co-Regulation:** Non-verbal and verbal strategies that staff use to provide support in a way that helps reduce stress and risk during a crisis.

**Committee on Special Education or CSE:** A committee on special education, subcommittee on special education, or other multidisciplinary team established in accordance with Education Law section 4402 or, in the case of a preschool student with a disability, the committee on preschool special education.

**Compulsory School Age:** A minor who becomes six years of age on or before the first of December in any school year shall be required to attend upon full-time instruction from the first day that the appropriate public school is in session in September of such school year, and a minor who becomes six years of age after the first of December in any school year shall be required to attend upon full-time instruction from the first day of session in the following September; and, shall be required to remain in attendance until the last day of session in the school year in which the minor becomes 16 years of age.

**Controlled Substance:** Drugs that have a legitimate medical purpose, coupled with a potential for abuse and psychological and physical dependence.

**CTE:** Career & Technical Education

<https://www.nysed.gov/career-technical-education>

**CTE Programs:** Career and technical education (CTE) programs are general education contiguous courses which provide academic and technical instruction in the content areas of agriculture, business and marketing, family and consumer sciences, health sciences, trade and technical education, and technology education.

**Cyber Bullying:** " Shall mean harassment or bullying as defined in subdivision seven of this section, including paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of such subdivision, where such harassment or bullying occurs through any form of electronic communication."

**Day:** a calendar day, except where a school day or business day is specified.

- *School day* means any day, including a partial day that students are in attendance at school for instructional purposes. The term *school day* has the same meaning for all students in school, including students with and without disabilities.
- *Business day* means Monday through Friday, except for Federal and State holidays (unless holidays are specifically included in the designation of business day).

**Dignity for All Students (DASA) Complaint Officer.** The staff member who is responsible for receiving reports or complaints of bullying and harassment and cyberbullying, as defined by DASA. CVES has appointed the Administrator of the Building, or their designee.

**Dignity for All Students (DASA) Coordinator:** A staff member in each school who is trained in human relations in the area of race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender and sex.

**Disability:** Means (a) a physical, mental or medical impairment resulting from anatomical, physiological, genetic or neurological conditions which prevents the exercise of a normal bodily function or is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques or (b) a record of such an impairment or (c) a condition regarded by others as such an impairment, provided, however, that in all provisions of this article dealing with employment, the term must be limited to disabilities which, upon the provision of reasonable accommodations, do not prevent the complainant from performing in a reasonable manner the activities involved in the job or occupation sought or held (Education Law §11[4] and Executive Law §292[21]).

**Disciplinary Change in Placement:** A suspension or removal from a student's current educational placement that is either: 1. more than 10 consecutive school days or 2. for a period of 10 consecutive days or less if the student is subjected to a series of suspensions or removals that constitute a pattern because they cumulate to more than 10 school days in a school year; because the student's behavior is substantially similar to the student's behavior in previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and because of such additional factors as the length of each suspension or removal, the total amount of time the student has been removed and the proximity of the suspensions or removals to one another. The school district determines on a case-by-case basis whether a pattern of removals constitutes a change of placement. This determination is subject to review through due process and judicial proceedings.

**Disruptive Student:** A student who is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom.

**District Superintendent:** Chief School Officer for a Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES) pursuant to Education Law.

**Emotional Harm:** That takes place in the context of harassment or bullying shall be defined as harm to an individual's emotional well-being through creation of a hostile school environment that is so severe or pervasive as to unreasonably and substantially interfere with an individual's education or work environment. Such conduct shall include, but is not limited to, acts based on a person's actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (which includes a person's actual or perceived sex, as well as gender identity and expression), or sex. (Education Law §11[7])

**Expedited Due Process Hearing:** An impartial hearing conducted in an expedited manner under the circumstances and in accordance with the procedures specified in the Commissioner's Regulations.

**Expedited Evaluation:** An individual evaluation conducted in an expedited manner under the circumstances and in accordance with the procedures specified in section 201.6 of this Part.

**Fabrication:** Falsifying or inventing any information, citation, or data.

**Firearm:** As defined by Gun-Free Schools Act (18 USC Section 921) means any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive, the frame or receiver of such weapon, any firearm muffler or silencer, or any "destructive device" (i.e., any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, including bombs, grenades, rockets or other similar devices).

**Functional Behavioral Assessment (FBA):** The process of determining why a student engages in behaviors that impede learning and how the student's behavior relates to the environment.

**Harassment:** May be verbal, written, or other conduct that is threatening or harmful. It does not have to include intent to harm, be directed at a specific target, or involve repeated incidents. Harassment is only a small part of the larger universe of bullying or cyberbullying activity.

**"Harassment" and "Bullying"** shall mean the creation of a hostile learning or work environment by conduct or by threats, intimidation or abuse, including cyberbullying, that:

- (a) Has or would have the effect of unreasonably and substantially interfering with an individual's educational performance, opportunities or benefits, or mental, emotional or physical well-being; or
- (b) Reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause an individual to fear for his or her physical safety; or
- (c) Reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause physical injury or emotional harm to an individual; or
- (d) Occurs off school property and creates or would foreseeably create a risk of substantial disruption within the school environment, where it is foreseeable that the conduct, threats, intimidation or abuse might reach school property.

For purposes of this definition, the term "threats, intimidation or abuse" shall include verbal and non-verbal actions. (Education Law §11[7])

Acts of harassment and bullying shall include, but not be limited to, those acts based on a person's actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (which includes a person's actual or perceived sex, as well as gender identity and expression), or sex. For the purposes of this definition the term "threats, intimidation or abuse" shall include verbal and non-verbal actions. (Education Law §11[7])

**Hazing:** An abusive and often humiliating form of initiation into or affiliation with a group including any willful action taken or situation created which recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental, emotional, or physical health of another.

**Hearing Officer:** An individual assigned by a Board of Education (pursuant to Education Law Section 4404(1), or by the Commissioner in accordance with section 200.7(d)(1)(i) of this Part), to conduct a hearing and render a decision.

**Home school district:** A secondary student's school district of residence.

**Illegal Drug:** A controlled substance but does not include a controlled substance legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or a substance that is otherwise legally possessed or used under the authority of the Controlled Substances Act or under any other provision of Federal law.

**Impartial Hearing Officer:** One who is appointed to conduct an impartial hearing or expedited due process hearing pursuant to Education Law section 4404(1). Such term shall not include a hearing officer designated by a superintendent of schools to conduct a superintendent's hearing pursuant to Education Law section 3214(3)(c).

**Individualized Educational Program (IEP):** A written statement developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the Regulations of the Commissioner that includes the components specified in the Regulations to be provided to meet the unique educational needs of a student with a disability.

**Individuals:** As used in the CVES Code of Conduct, refers to all students, CVES personnel, parents, persons in parental relation, volunteers, vendors, contractors, and other visitors when on CVES property or attending a CVES function.

**Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA):** The federal law related to the education of students with disabilities.

**In-School Detention:** An intermediate step between minor behavior problems and out of school suspension for serious or continuous discipline problems. The student may be separated from the classroom.

**Interim Alternative Educational Setting or IAES:** A temporary educational placement, other than the student's current placement at the time the behavior precipitating the IAES placement occurred. A student who is placed in an IAES shall:

- (1) Continue to receive educational services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP; and
- (2) Receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.

**Itinerant Teacher:** A certified staff member who provides specialized services, such as hearing, vision, or other educationally related services to students and is not assigned to one special education program or building. These teachers usually travel to various sites in order to deliver specialized services. Itinerant teachers are expected to



adhere to the building and special education program parameters for discipline of each location in working with students attending that school unless otherwise authorized.

**Loitering:** Wandering or standing without purpose.

**Long Term Suspension:** A suspension of more than five consecutive school days.

**Manifestation Determination:** A review of the relationship between the student's disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action that is conducted by the Committee on Special Education (CSE) or 504 Committee of the student's home school district.

**NYSED CTE Approved Program of Study:** NYSED-approved programs are developed to deliver a related combination of courses and experiences in a career and technical area to confer academic and technical knowledge and skills in preparation for further education, training, and/or employment. The program is taught by appropriately certified and qualified teachers who supplement classroom instruction with work-based experiences for students. Student progress is recorded through a work-skills employability profile, performance on technical assessments, and other data on student performance in academic and technical areas. Successful completion of the 80-week program of study meets the criteria for the CTE 4+1 Graduation Pathway and may lead to a NYSED CTE Endorsement.

<https://www.nysed.gov/career-technical-education/cte-program-approval>

**Other Administrative, Managerial, and Technical Staff:** Individuals who are responsible for central office operations or specialized instructional or administrative management services who provide support or oversight to various CVES programs or services or to component districts.

**Parts 200 and 201 of the Regulations of the NYSED Commissioner of Education:**

Part 200 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education relates to special education programs and services for students with disabilities. Part 201 relates to the procedural safeguards for students with disabilities subject to discipline

<https://www.nysed.gov/special-education/new-york-state-laws-and-regulations-related-special-education-and-students>

**Plagiarism:** The use or close imitation of the language and ideas of another author and representation of them as one's own original work. This includes copying from electronic sources.

**Red Flag Law:** Also known as the extreme risk protection order law, is effective in New York State as of August 24, 2019. The law prevents individuals who show signs of being a threat to themselves or others from purchasing or possessing any kind of firearm.

**Removal :**

- (1) A removal of a student with a disability for disciplinary reasons from that student's current educational placement, other than a suspension as defined in subdivision (r) of this section; and
- (2) The change in placement of a student with a disability to an IAES by an impartial hearing officer pursuant to section 201.8 of this Part. Such term shall also include the change of placement of a student with a disability to an IAES pursuant to section 201.7(e) of this Part made in conjunction with a suspension.

**Restorative Practice:** Is a social science that studies how to improve and repair relationships between people and communities. The purpose is to build healthy communities, decrease crime and anti-social behavior, repair harm and restore relationships.

**School:** Unless otherwise designated, the location of a CVES program or service.

**School Administrator:** A certified administrator who is responsible for the supervision and management of a CVES site.

**School Day:** Any day, including a partial day, students are in attendance at school for instructional purposes.

**School function:** A school-sponsored or school-authorized curricular, co-curricular and/or extra-curricular event or activity regardless of where such event or activity takes place or a CVES sponsored work site/internship.

**Serious Bodily Injury:** Bodily injury which involves a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.

**Short Term Suspension:** A suspension of five or less consecutive school days.

**Student:** A person who participates in any CVES program or service and who is either sponsored by a school district or attends as an adult.

**Special Education Program:** As defined in the NYSED Commissioner's Regulations Part 200: Students with Disabilities. <https://www.nysed.gov/special-education/new-york-state-laws-and-regulations-related-special-education-and-students>

**Student with a Disability:** A student with a disability as defined in section 200.1(zz) of this Part or a preschool student with a disability as defined in section 200.1(mm) of this Part.

**Student presumed to have a disability for discipline purposes:** A student who the school district is deemed to have knowledge was a student with a disability before the behavior that precipitated disciplinary action under the criteria in section 201.5(b) of this Part.

**Student Support Service Personnel:** Means any staff member who provides direct educationally related services or assists students in coping with peer pressure and emerging personal, social, emotional, and physical problems. These services are provided by psychologists, social workers, counselors, school counselors, behavior specialists, ESL teachers, hearing teachers, vision teachers, mobility teachers, speech teachers, occupational or physical therapists.

**Substance:** A drug or other substance identified under schedule I, II, III, IV, or V in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. section 812) (United States Code, 2006 edition, volume 13; Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402-9328; 2008 - available at the Office of Counsel, New York State Education Department, State Education Building Room 148, 89 Washington Avenue, Albany, NY 12234).

**Superintendent's Hearing:** A disciplinary hearing conducted pursuant to Education Law by a District Superintendent, Superintendent of schools, or a hearing officer designated by a Superintendent of schools, to determine whether a student should be suspended from instruction for more than five consecutive school days.

**Teacher Removal:** Any classroom teacher has the power and authority to remove a disruptive student in accordance with Education Law.

**Therapeutic Crisis Intervention for Schools (TCIS):** Assists schools in preventing high-risk and disruptive crisis behaviors from occurring, de-escalating potential crises, managing acute physical behaviors, reducing potential and actual injury to students and staff, teaching students positive coping skills, and helping to create learning

organizations. It provides schools with a model for eliminating the need for physical interventions by putting in place a system to promote learning and reflective practice. TCIS may utilize interventions when a student is at imminent risk to themselves or to others.

**Title IV: [Applies to CV-TEC Division Adult Students]** The CV-TEC CTE programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act are the major source of federal student aid. Title IV programs include Loans; Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL); Direct Loan; Federal Perkins Loan Grants; Federal Pell Grant; Academic Competitiveness Grant (ACG); National SMART Grant; Federal Supplemental; Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG); Federal Work-Study (FWS). Title IV also requires participating institutions to ensure student safety and appropriate interventions for inappropriate student behavior.

**Violent Student:** an individual who:

- Commits an act of violence upon a school employee, or attempts to do so;
- Commits, while on school property or at a school function, an act of violence upon another individual or any other person lawfully on school property or at the school function, or attempts to do so;
- Possesses, while on school property or at a school function, what appears to be a weapon;
- Displays, while on school property or at a school function, what appears to be a weapon;
- Threatens, while on school property or at a school function, to use a weapon;
- Knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys the personal property of any school employee or any person lawfully on school property or at a school function;
- Knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys school district property;

**Weapon:** Any device, instrument, material or substance (animate or inanimate) that is used for or readily capable of causing physical injury or death (e.g., dagger, dirk, razor, stiletto, switchblade knife, gravity knife, brass knuckles, sling shot, metal knuckle knife, box cutter, sword, electronic dart gun, Kung Fu star, electronic stun gun, pepper spray or other noxious spray, explosive or incendiary bomb).

### III. INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

CVES is committed to safeguarding the rights given to all individuals under State and federal law and to promote a safe, healthy, orderly, and civil school environment.

#### CVES STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

##### **RIGHTS**

- To attend CVES and be granted the opportunity to receive a quality education.
- To be made aware of the CVES rules and policies, and to be treated in a manner consistent with these policies when resolving disciplinary matters.
- To have the opportunity to present your version of the facts and circumstances in all disciplinary matters.
- To take part in all CVES activities on an equal basis regardless of race, gender, ethnicity, religion, age, political affiliation, sexual orientation, national origin, color, weight, religious practice, sex, or disability.
- To feel safe in the school environment and not be intimidated or harassed by others.
- To express your style and dress in a manner that is appropriate for a school setting.
- To Due Process

##### **RESPONSIBILITIES**

- To attend school, internships, and jobsites regularly and on time, perform assignments, and strive to do your highest quality work.
- To understand CVES Code of Conduct, obey the rules it contains and to be accountable for your actions.
- To be truthful and respectful in the resolution of conflicts with all parties involved.
- To be respectful and supportive to all who are participating in CVES academic and extracurricular activities.
- To behave in a manner that will not jeopardize the safety and well-being of yourself or others, and respect and treat others in a fair and equitable manner.
- To dress in a safe manner that is not educationally distracting to others, is appropriate for the educational environment, and is in accordance with the CVES dress code policy.

### IV. ESSENTIAL PARTNERS IN CREATING A POSITIVE SCHOOL CLIMATE

#### **All parents and persons in parental relation are expected to:**

1. Recognize that the education of their children is a joint responsibility of the parents/person(s) in parental relation and the school community;
2. Send their children to school ready to participate and learn;
3. Ensure their children attend school regularly and on time;
4. Ensure absences are excused pursuant to CVES Attendance Policy;
5. Know school rules and help their children understand them;
6. Promote positive behavior in their children by helping them to accept the consequences of their actions and by becoming involved in the behavior management/disciplinary process;
7. Convey to their children a supportive attitude toward education and CVES;
8. Build positive relationships with teachers, other parents, and their children's friends;
9. Help their children deal effectively with peer pressure;
10. Inform school officials of changes in the home situation that may affect student conduct or performance;

**All teachers are expected to:**

1. Establish and sustain a safe, orderly, and productive classroom environment by establishing and sustaining reasonable expectations for student conduct within their educational environment;
2. Enforce the Code of Conduct with their students and engage with appropriate others to ensure that student conduct matters are resolved promptly and fairly;
3. Maintain a climate of mutual respect and dignity;
4. Be prepared to teach;
5. Be knowledgeable of, and be able to, apply effective classroom/building behavior management techniques, Therapeutic Crisis Intervention for Schools (TCIS), CALM, restorative and trauma informed practices, as well as CALM philosophy and techniques for the ABA program;
6. Communicate regularly with students, parents, person(s) in parental relation and other professional staff and/or agencies regarding each student's emotional, social, behavioral, and academic progress through:
  - a. course objectives, lesson plans, draft IEPs, and other related documents
  - b. marking/grading procedures
  - c. assignment deadlines
  - d. expectations for students
  - e. classroom discipline plan
  - f. behavior management system
  - g. other documentation/communication tools
7. Adhere to the Code of Conduct for CVES or district-based school;
8. Maintain a professional atmosphere, appearance, and appropriate language for their professional position that does not detract from the educational environment;

**All student support service personnel and teacher aides are expected to:**

1. Provide educationally related service(s), as appropriate, to support students in their educational environment;
2. Support educational and academic goals;
3. Assist students in coping with peer pressure and emerging personal, social, emotional, and physical problems;
4. Know CVES policies and rules and enforce them in a fair and consistent manner in accordance with the Code of Conduct;
5. Be knowledgeable of, and be able to apply, effective classroom behavior/building management techniques and the Therapeutic Crisis Intervention for Schools (TCIS), restorative and trauma informed practices, as well as CALM philosophy and techniques for the ABA program;
6. Communicate regularly, as appropriate, with students, parents, and other staff;
7. Adhere to the Code of Conduct for CVES or district-based school;
8. Maintain a professional atmosphere, appearance, and appropriate language for their professional position that does not detract from the educational environment;

**All school administrators are expected to:**

1. Promote a safe, orderly, and academically stimulating school environment that supports active teaching and learning;
2. Ensure that students and staff have the opportunity to communicate regularly with the building principals/supervisors and approach the building principals/supervisors for redress of grievances;
3. Evaluate all instructional programs for which they are responsible on a regular basis;

4. Support the development of and student participation in school functions;
5. Be responsible for enforcing the Code of Conduct and ensuring that all cases are resolved promptly and fairly;
6. Be knowledgeable of, and be able to apply, effective classroom/building behavior management techniques, and the Therapeutic Crisis Intervention for Schools (TCIS), CALM, restorative and trauma informed practices, as well as CALM philosophy and techniques for the ABA program; and assure their utilization in the educational environment;
7. Ensure that a behavior management system is created and supported to meet the needs of students enrolled in their building;
8. Maintain a professional atmosphere, appearance, and appropriate language for their professional position that does not detract from the educational environment;

**All administrative, managerial, and technical staff is expected to:**

1. Provide specialized instructional and administrative services to CVES and component districts;
2. Support the implementation of the Code of Conduct;
3. Assure that the staff under their supervision conforms to the Code of Conduct;
4. Maintain a professional atmosphere, appearance, and appropriate language for their professional position that does not detract from the educational environment;

**All other CVES staff is expected to:**

1. Perform specialized non-instructional duties that support the operational functioning of the school/CVES;
2. Know school/CVES policies and rules and support the implementation of the Code of Conduct;
3. Maintain a professional atmosphere, appearance, and appropriate language for their professional position that does not detract from the educational environment;

**The DASA Coordinator is expected to:**

1. Promote a safe, orderly, and stimulating school environment, supporting active teaching and learning for all students regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender, or sex;
2. Oversee and coordinate the work of the building-level bullying prevention committees;
3. Identify curricular resources that support infusing civility in classroom instruction and provide guidance to staff as to how to access and implement those resources;
4. Coordinate, with the Professional Development Committee, training in support of the bullying prevention committee;
5. Be responsible for monitoring and reporting on the effectiveness of CVES' bullying prevention policy;
6. Address personal biases that may prevent equal treatment of all students and staff;

**The District Superintendent (or his/her designee) and the Board are expected to:**

1. Ensure the collaboration of student, teacher, administrator, and parent organizations, CVES safety personnel and other CVES personnel to develop a Code of Conduct that clearly defines expectations for the conduct of students, CVES personnel, volunteers, vendors, contractors, and visitors on CVES property and at CVES functions;
2. Review and approve at least annually the CVES Code of Conduct to evaluate the Code's effectiveness and the fairness and consistency of its implementation;

3. Lead by example by conducting Board meetings in a professional, respectful, and courteous manner;
4. Maintain a professional atmosphere, appearance, and appropriate language for their professional position that does not detract from the educational environment;

## **V. INDIVIDUAL CIVILITY**

All students and adults have the right to learn and work in an environment that is free from discrimination, bullying and harassment (see CVES Board Policy 5010).

All interactions and communications (including the use of electronic devices) among students, teachers, CVES administrators, other CVES personnel, volunteers, vendors, contractors, and visitors on CVES property and at CVES functions will be appropriate, civil, and respectful. Individuals are expected to behave with dignity and treat others with respect and courtesy. Individuals should respect their peers, teachers, and school staff.

Individual behavior should not interfere with the rights of others. Individuals are expected to use language that is appropriate in demonstrating respect for self and others. Appropriate disciplinary action when violations occur will be taken.

### **ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY (AUP)**

All individuals are expected to abide by the CVES Acceptable Use Policy (AUP). Any violation to the AUP is subject to disciplinary consequences as outlined in Section VII of the Code of Conduct.

### **ELECTRONIC DEVICES**

Students are prohibited from using any device which electronically communicates, sends, receives, stores, reproduces, or displays voice or text communication or data (inclusive of media transmissions) during the school day, except as expressly permitted in connection with authorized use. While students are permitted to possess such devices during the school day, they are prohibited from using them in any manner which disrupts the educational environment/process. If a student violates this policy, then he/she is subject to discipline under this provision or any other provision in the CVES Code of Conduct that may be applicable to the circumstances involved. Any electronic device that is permitted on school property is encouraged to be kept on the person and used in a responsible, non-disruptive manner.

CVES is not responsible for any devices being lost, stolen or damaged while at school or at a school function. Personal electronic devices are the sole responsibility of the individual.

## STUDENT DRESS CODE

It is the responsibility for students to attend school in appropriate dress that meets health and safety standards and does not interfere with their education or the learning process.

The student dress code supports equitable educational access and is written in a manner that does not reinforce stereotypes. To ensure effective and equitable enforcement of this dress code, school staff shall enforce the dress code consistently and in a manner that does not reinforce or increase marginalization or oppression of any group based on race, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, ethnicity, religion, cultural observance, household income or body type/size.

Our student dress code is designed to accomplish several goals:

- Maintain a safe learning environment in classes where protective or supportive clothing is needed, such as science labs or physical education;
- Allow students to wear clothing of their choice that is comfortable;
- Allow students to wear clothing that expresses their self-identified gender;
- Allow students to wear religious attire without fear of discipline or discrimination;
- Prevent students from wearing clothing or accessories that denote, suggest, display or reference alcohol, drugs or related paraphernalia or other illegal conduct or activities;
- Prevent students from wearing clothing or accessories with offensive language or images, including profanity, hate speech, and pornography;
- Prevent students from wearing clothing or accessories that will interfere with the operation of the school, disrupt the educational process, invade the rights of others, or create a reasonably foreseeable risk of such interference or invasion of rights;
- Prevent students from wearing clothing or accessories that reasonably can be construed as being or including content that is racist, lewd, vulgar, or obscene, or that reasonably can be construed as containing fighting words, speech that incites others to imminent lawless action, defamatory speech, or threats to others;
- Ensure that all students are treated equitably regardless of race, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, ethnicity, religion, cultural observance, household income or body type/size;

The administration is authorized to take action in instances where individual dress does not meet these stated requirements.

A student's dress, grooming and appearance, including but not limited to hair style/color, jewelry, make-up, and nails, shall:

- Be safe, appropriate, and not disrupt or interfere with the educational environment;
- Include footwear at all times; footwear that is a safety hazard will not be allowed;
- Wear uniforms or other safety equipment/attire required for specific educational environment.
- Refrain from wearing brief and/or see-through garments;
- Ensure that undergarments are not exposed and are covered with outer clothing;
- Not include items that are vulgar, obscene, libelous or denigrate others on account of a person's race, gender (including identity and expression), ethnicity, religion, age, political affiliation, sexual orientation, national origin, color, weight, religious practice, sex, or disability;
- Not promote and/or endorse the use of alcohol, tobacco, or illegal drugs and/or encourage other illegal or violent activities;
- Not display or wear anything signifying gang affiliation;



While the CVES administration may require students participating in physical education classes to wear certain types of clothing such as sneakers, socks, shorts, and tee shirts, they may not prescribe a specific brand which students must buy.

Each school administrator or his or her designee shall be responsible for informing all students and their parents of the student dress code at the beginning of the school year and any revisions to the dress code made during the school year. Additional details about dress code may be addressed in building student handbooks.

### **Student Dress Code Enforcement**

Students should not be shamed or required to display their body in front of others (students, parents, or staff) in school. “Shaming” includes, but is not limited to:

- Kneeling or bending over to check attire fit;
- Measuring straps or skirt length;
- Asking students to account for their attire in the classroom or in hallways in front of others;
- Calling out students in spaces, in hallways, or in classrooms about perceived dress code violations in front of others; in particular, directing students to correct sagged pants that do not expose the entire undergarment, or confronting students about visible bra straps or waistbands, etc. and;
- Accusing students of “distracting” other students with their clothing;

Students who violate the student dress code may be required to modify their appearance by covering or removing the offending item and, if necessary or practical, replacing it with the acceptable item.

- Students will be asked to put on their own alternative clothing, if already available at school, to be dressed more to code for the remainder of the day or;
- Student will be offered alternative clothing as provided by the main office or health office, to be dressed more to code for the remainder of the day or;
- If necessary, students’ parents/guardians may be called during the school day to bring alternative clothing for the student to wear for the remainder of the day;

Any student who repeatedly fails to comply with the dress code may be subject to further discipline, up to and including out of school suspension.

*(Dress Code Expectations inspired in part by Oregon NOW Model Dress Code and ETHS Pilot: Student and Family Handbook.)*

## VI. PROHIBITED CONDUCT

The CVES Board expects all individuals to conduct themselves in an appropriate and civil manner in accordance with the CVES Code of Conduct, with proper regard for the rights and welfare of other students, personnel, and other members of the school community, and for the care of facilities and equipment. These expectations also apply to internships and student work experience.

CVES strives to provide an environment in which individuals can achieve the knowledge and skills, in collaboration with faculty and staff, to develop social and emotional maturity. CVES personnel are expected to facilitate and model appropriate behavior and promote self-regulation.

The Board recognizes the need to be clear and specific in expressing its expectations for student conduct while on CVES property or while engaged in a CVES function. The rules of conduct listed below are intended to do that and to focus on safety and respect for the rights and property of others.

Individuals are expected to accept responsibility for their own behavior. Individuals may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including suspension from school or removal from a CV-TEC CTE program, when they engage in conduct that is disorderly, insubordinate, disruptive, violent, endangers the safety, morals, health or welfare of others, engage in misconduct on school-provided transportation, or engages in academic misconduct including work/internship sites. The CVES Board expects all individuals on CVES campuses and CVES activities to avoid:

### A. Engaging in Disorderly Conduct

*Examples of disorderly conduct include, but are not limited to:*

1. Engaging in any act which disrupts the operation of the school community, running in hallways, making unreasonable noise, and using language or gestures that are profane, lewd, vulgar, abusive, intimidating, or that offends or incites others;
2. Obstructing vehicular or pedestrian traffic;
3. Trespassing. Students and unauthorized personnel are not permitted in any area of the school building, other than the one they regularly attend, without permission from CVES personnel;
4. Loitering. Students and unauthorized personnel are not permitted to loiter on school property;
5. Misusing computer/electronic communication devices, including any unauthorized or inappropriate use of computers, software, or internet/intranet account; accessing inappropriate websites; or any other violation of the CVES Acceptable Use Policy for Technology Resources;
6. Unauthorized use of personal electronic devices/equipment (e.g., cell phones, personal music and gaming devices, and other personal electronic devices);
7. Unauthorized use of personal computer, laptop and/or other computerized information resources through CVES computer system is prohibited;

### B. Engaging in Conduct that is Insubordinate or Disruptive

*Examples of insubordinate or disruptive conduct include, but are not limited to:*

1. Failing to comply with the reasonable directions of teachers, school administrators or other CVES employees or otherwise demonstrating disrespect;
2. Missing or leaving school or class without permission;
3. Endangering the health and safety of other individuals or interfering with the educational process or CVES activities by means of inappropriate appearance or behavior as per CVES Code of Conduct;
4. Interfering with the authority of the teacher or other CVES personnel;
5. Participating in public displays of affection on school property, including school sponsored events;

### **C. Engaging in Conduct that is Violent**

*Examples of violent conduct include, but are not limited to:*

1. Committing, threatening, or attempting any act of violence (such as hitting, kicking, punching, or scratching) upon a CVES employee;
2. Committing, threatening, or attempting an act of violence (such as hitting, kicking, punching, or scratching) upon another student or any other person lawfully on school property;
3. Possessing or fabricating a weapon (see definition). Authorized law enforcement officials are the only persons permitted to have a weapon in their possession while on CVES property or at a CVES function;
4. Displaying what appears to be a weapon;
5. Threatening to use any weapon(s);
6. Using weapon(s);
7. Intentionally damaging or destroying CVES property, the personal property of a student, teacher, volunteer, contractor, vendor, administrator, other CVES employee or any person lawfully on CVES property, or at a CVES function including but not limited to graffiti or arson;
8. Communication by any means, including oral, written, or electronic (such as through the Internet or e-mail) off school property, where the content of such communication (a) can reasonably be interpreted as a threat to commit an act of violence on school property; or, (b) results in material or substantial disruption to the educational environment;

### **D. Engaging in Any Conduct That Endangers the Safety, Morals, Health, or Welfare of Others** *Examples of such conduct include, but are not limited to:*

1. Lying, deceiving, or giving false information to school personnel;
2. Stealing CVES property or the property of other students, school personnel or any other individual lawfully on school property or while attending a school function;
3. Discrimination, which includes the use of race, gender (identity and expression), ethnicity, religion, age, political affiliation, sexual orientation, national origin, color, weight, religious practice, sex, appearance, socio-economic status, or disability as a basis for treating another in a negative manner;
4. Harassment or bullying, as defined in this code of conduct or violation of the Dignity for All Students Act (DASA);
5. Intimidation, which includes engaging in actions or statements that put an individual in fear of bodily harm and/or emotional discomfort; for example, "play" fighting, extortion of money, overt teasing, etc.;
6. "Cyberbullying, as defined by this code of conduct or the Dignity for All Students Act (DASA). Such acts include for example use of texts, emails, or social media to harass or bully students;
7. Sexual harassment, which includes unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, taking, sending, or receiving sexually explicit videos, pictures or auditory recordings and other verbal or physical conduct or communication of a sexual nature;
8. Displaying signs of gang affiliation or engaging in gang-related behaviors that are observed;
9. Hazing, which includes any intentional or reckless act directed against another for the purpose of initiation into, affiliating with or maintaining membership in any CVES or school sponsored activity, organization, club, or team;
10. Possessing, using, viewing, selling, or distributing obscene material;
11. Possessing, consuming, selling, attempting to sell, purchasing, attempting to purchase, distributing, or exchanging alcoholic beverages, marijuana, marijuana products, thc/cbd products, tobacco, tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, vaping/dab devices, vaping/dab components, vaping/dab fluids, illegal substances, or being under the influence of any of these;

- “Illegal substances” include, but are not limited to inhalants, , cocaine, LSD, PCP, amphetamines, heroin, steroids, lookalike drugs, and any substances commonly referred to as “designer drugs;”
12. Possessing, selling, attempting to sell, purchasing, attempting to purchase, distributing, or exchanging drug paraphernalia;
  13. Use of products in a manner other than intended by the manufacturer;
  14. Inappropriately possessing, using, sharing, selling, attempting to sell, purchasing, attempting to purchase, distributing, or exchanging prescription and over-the-counter drugs;
  15. Possessing, consuming, selling, attempting to sell, purchasing, attempting to purchase, distributing, or exchanging “look-alike drugs;” or, possessing or consuming (without medical authorization), selling, attempting to sell, distributing, or exchanging other substances such as dietary supplements, weight loss pills, etc.;
  16. Gambling and gaming, including online activities;
  17. Inappropriate touching and/or indecent exposure;
  18. Initiating or reporting warning of fire or other catastrophe without valid cause, misusing 911, or tampering with emergency devices;
  19. Violating privacy when using school restroom facilities;
  20. Creating or enabling a hostile learning/work environment;
  21. Violating the Student Driver or Passenger Procedures;
  22. Throwing or causing to be airborne, any object, tool, or material that could distract or cause injury to others;

#### **E. Engaging in Misconduct While Utilizing School-Provided Transportation**

It is crucial for students to behave appropriately while riding on school-provided transportation to ensure their safety and that of other passengers and to avoid distracting the driver. Students are required to conduct themselves on school-provided transportation in a manner consistent with the CVES and district Code of Conduct and established standards for classroom behavior. Behaviors such as excessive noise, pushing, shoving, and fighting will not be tolerated. Students misbehaving on school-provided transportation under the authority or supervision of CVES will be in violation of CVES Code of Conduct. Students who misbehave on school-provided transportation under the authority or supervision of the home district going to or from a CVES program will be referred to their home district for discipline.

#### **F. Engaging in any Form of Academic Misconduct**

*Examples of academic misconduct include, but are not limited to:*

1. Plagiarism;
2. Cheating;
3. Copying;
4. Altering records;
5. Forgery;
6. Violation of the Acceptable Use Policy;
7. Fabrication;
8. Assisting another student in any of the above actions.

#### **G. Legal Sanctions and Risks Regarding Unlawful Possession, Use or Distribution of Illicit Drugs and Alcohol**

In addition to the above, Title IV CV-TEC Adult Students must comply with Legal Sanctions and Risks Regarding Unlawful Possession, Use or Distribution of Illicit Drugs and Alcohol which can be found in its entirety in the Adult Education Handbook.

Adult students enrolled in CV-TEC's CTE daytime programs and continuing education courses must abide by all CVES Code of Conduct standards and procedures as outlined herein. Institutional disciplinary actions consistent with this Code, with DASA, and with adherence to Title IV adult regulations will apply. More detailed information regarding Title IV-related consequences for non-compliance can be found in the CV-TEC Adult Education Handbook and online on CV-TEC's Financial Aid web page.

## VII. STUDENT DISCIPLINE: CONSEQUENCES AND PROCEDURES

While CVES utilizes proactive and preventative strategies consistent with the established DASA Guiding Principles to address inappropriate behavior, disciplinary action may be necessary. Methods of student discipline vary in style and effectiveness. Discipline is most effective when it deals directly with the problem at the time and place it occurs, and in a way that is fair, consistent, and impartial.

**While no single method of discipline is recommended or mandated, all discipline is to be appropriate to the situation and in accordance with law, regulations and CVES policies.**

As a general rule, discipline will be progressive. This means that a student's first violation will usually result in a less serious consequence than subsequent violations. Each student will be disciplined individually by authorized school personnel taking into account the following factors:

1. The student's age;
2. The nature of the offense and the circumstances which led to the offense;
3. The student's prior disciplinary record;
4. The effectiveness of other forms of discipline;
5. Information from parents, teachers, and others, as appropriate;
6. Other extenuating circumstances;
7. If the conduct of a student is related to a disability or suspected disability, specific procedures outlined **(See Section X)** within this Code must be followed;

The CVES Rise Center for Success Special Education and CV-TEC CTE programs incorporate behavior management systems and classroom expectations as part of the overall instructional program that are designed to address a full range of student behaviors. Infractions by students with disabilities will be addressed in accordance with this Code of Conduct and the NYSED Commissioner's Regulations Part 201; Procedural Safeguards for Students with Disabilities subject to discipline. [New York State Laws and Regulations | New York State Education Department \(nysed.gov\)](https://www.nysed.gov)

### **Disciplinary Consequences**

In addressing student behaviors that may impede learning, CVES uses a variety of appropriate educational management techniques including, but not limited to:

Positive supports, strategies, and interventions to improve students' motivation, social skills, problem solving abilities, anger management, and conflict resolution abilities;

Environmental modifications to support students' abilities to maintain attention, stay on task, and control their behavior;

Division-wide behavior management systems and classroom expectations to improve students' abilities to understand the connections between their behavior and outcomes.

Students who are found to have violated the CVES Code of Conduct may be subject to the following disciplinary actions whether alone or in combination. The school personnel identified after each consequence listed in the table below are authorized to impose that consequence subject to the student’s right to due process.

<b>CONSEQUENCE</b>	<b>AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL</b>
Verbal Warning	Any member of CVES staff
Written Warning/Referral	Educational program staff
Written notification to parent	Teachers, student support services personnel, Principal, supervisor, or designee
Suspension of other privileges	School Administrator, or designee
In-School Detention	School Administrator, or designee
Formal removal from classroom	Educational program staff, School Administrator, or designee
Short-term (five days or less) suspension*	CVES School Administrator, or designee after consultation with school administrators of home district
Long-term (more than five days) suspension from school *	CVES School Administrator, or designee after consultation with school administrators of home district
CVES Program exclusion *	CVES School Administrator, or designee after consultation with school administrators of home district
Permanent suspension from CVES program(s) *	CVES School Administrator, or designee after consultation with school administrators of home district.
<p><b><i>*CVES school administrators work in close collaboration with each student’s home district for all suspensions. Section XI: Disciplining Students with Disabilities is to be referenced for all students who qualify under Part 200 of the Commissioners Regulations (Students With Disabilities).</i></b></p>	

Parents/person(s) in parental relation are powerful partners in a student’s behavioral growth, and in their child’s development of acceptable social skills. CVES realizes that good communication and informal relations between parents and educators are critical to resolving discipline issues. The use of sustained, multiple, coordinated interventions at home and in school provide students with the consistency they need to develop appropriate behaviors.

Parents/person(s) in parental relation are encouraged to help the school staff by reinforcing positive school behavior and disciplinary consequences. CVES recognizes that parental involvement in the behavioral process is required for

the student to develop the behaviors that will ensure success in the school setting and life. Therefore, it is our philosophy to provide the parent/guardian with regular and early notification by phone or in writing when a student's behavior is problematic in addition to the required procedural notifications covered below.

Adult students enrolled in CV-TEC's CTE daytime programs and continuing education courses must abide by all CVES Code of Conduct standards and procedures as outlined herein. Institutional disciplinary actions consistent with this Code, with DASA, and with adherence to Title IV adult regulations will apply. More detailed information regarding Title IV-related consequences for non-compliance can be found in the CV-TEC Adult Education Handbook and online on CV-TEC's Financial Aid web page.

## **VIII. STUDENTS' DUE PROCESS RIGHTS**

### **Procedures**

All students are entitled to due process. In all cases, authorized school personnel must inform the student of the alleged misconduct and must investigate. Authorized school personnel shall provide the student an opportunity to present his/her version of the facts.

### Suspension from Extracurricular Activities and/or Transportation Related Thereto

A student subjected to a suspension from such privileges is not entitled to a full hearing pursuant to Education Law Sections 3214. However, the student and the student's parent will be provided with a reasonable opportunity for an informal conference with the CVES official imposing the suspension to discuss the conduct and the consequence arising from that conduct.

### In-School Detention

The Board recognizes that CVES must balance the need of students to attend school and the need for order in the classroom to establish an environment conducive to learning. As such, the Board authorizes administrators or designees to place students in "in-school detention."

A student subject to an in-school detention is not entitled to a full hearing pursuant to Education Law Section 3214. However, the student and the student's parent will be provided with a reasonable opportunity for an informal conference with the CVES official imposing the in-school detention to discuss the conduct and the consequence involved.

### Formal Removal of Disruptive Students by a Teacher

A student's behavior can affect a teacher's ability to teach and can make it difficult for other students in the classroom to learn. In most instances the classroom teacher can control a student's behavior and maintain or restore control over the classroom by using appropriate classroom management techniques as listed under the Disciplinary Consequences section.

For purposes of this Code of Conduct, a disruptive student is a student who is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom. A substantial disruption of the educational process or substantial interference with a teacher's authority occurs when a student demonstrates a persistent unwillingness to comply with the teacher's instructions or repeatedly violates the teacher's classroom behavior rules.

A classroom teacher may remove a disruptive student from class for up to two days. The removal from class applies to the class of the removing teacher only.

**The procedural requirements for a formal removal by a teacher of a student are:**

1. If the disruptive student does not pose a danger or on-going threat of disruption to the academic process, the teacher must provide the student with an explanation for why he or she is being formally removed and  
an opportunity to explain his or her version of the relevant events before the student is removed. Only after the informal discussion may a teacher formally remove a student from class;
2. If the student poses a danger or ongoing threat of disruption, the teacher may order the student to be formally removed immediately. The teacher must, however, explain to the student why he or she was removed from the classroom and give the student a chance to present his or her version of the relevant events within 24-hours, provided that if such 24-hour period does not end on a school day, it shall be extended to the corresponding time on the next school day;
3. The teacher must complete a CVES-established form for a formal removal by a teacher and meet with the principal or his or her designee as soon as possible, but no later than the end of the school day, to explain the circumstances of the formal removal and to present the CVES form for a formal removal by a teacher. If the principal or designee is not available by the end of the same school day, the teacher must leave the form with the secretary and meet with the principal or designee prior to the beginning of classes on the next school day;
4. Within 24-hours after the student's formal removal by a teacher, the principal or another administrator designated by the principal, must notify the student's parents that the student has been formally removed from the class and why. The notification must also inform the parent that he or she has the right, upon request, to meet informally with the principal or the principal's designee to discuss the reasons for the formal removal. If such 24-hour period does not end on a school day, it shall be extended to the corresponding time on the next school day. The 24-hour notification, if by telephone or in person, will be immediately followed by a written notice;
5. The principal may require the teacher who ordered the formal removal to attend the informal conference;
6. If at the informal meeting the student denies the charges, the principal or the principal's designee must explain why the student was formally removed and give the student and the student's parents a chance to present the student's version of the relevant events. The informal meeting must be held within 48 hours of the student's formal removal by a teacher. If such 48-hour period does not end on a school day, it shall be extended to the corresponding time on the second school day next following the pupil's removal. The timing of the informal meeting may be extended by mutual agreement of the parent and principal;
7. The principal or the principal's designee may overturn the formal removal of the student from class if any one of the following are found:
  - a. The charges against the student are not supported by substantial evidence;
  - b. The student's formal removal is otherwise in violation of law or the provisions of this Code of Conduct;
  - c. The conduct warrants suspension from school pursuant to Education Law Section 3214 and a suspension will be imposed.
8. The principal or his or her designee may overturn a formal removal by a teacher at any point between receiving the referral form issued by the teacher and the close of business on the school day next succeeding the end of the 48-hour period for the informal conference if a conference is requested. No student removed from the classroom by the classroom teacher will be permitted to return to the classroom until the principal makes a final determination, or the period of the formal removal expires, whichever is less;



9. Any disruptive student who is formally removed from the classroom by the classroom teacher shall be offered continued educational programming and activities by a certified teacher in an alternate setting until the student is permitted to return to the classroom;
10. Each teacher must keep a complete log (on a CVES-provided form) for all cases of formal removal of students from his or her class. The principal must keep a building log of all formal removals by the teachers of students from class;
11. Removal of a student with a disability, under certain circumstances, may constitute a change in the student's placement. See Section II (Definitions) "Disciplinary Change of Placement" for details. For Rise Center for Success Special Education and CV-TEC CTE programs that regularly enroll one or more students with a disability, it is recommended that behavior management systems be implemented as a means of anticipating and preventing discipline problems;

### Suspension from School

CVES and the home school district have the authority to suspend students from CVES programs. Suspensions typically occur in collaboration with the home school district. Suspension from school is a severe consequence, which may be imposed only upon students who are insubordinate, disorderly, violent, or disruptive, or whose conduct otherwise endangers the safety, morals, health or welfare of self or others.

Any staff member may recommend to the administrator that a student be suspended. All staff members must immediately report and refer a violent student to the administrator for violation of the Code of Conduct. All recommendations and referrals shall be made in writing unless the conditions underlying the recommendation or referral warrant immediate attention. In such cases a written report is to be prepared as soon as possible by the staff member recommending the suspension.

The administrator, upon receiving a recommendation or referral for suspension or when processing a case for suspension, shall gather the facts relevant to the matter and record them for subsequent presentation, if necessary.

#### A. Short-term (5 days or less) suspension from school

CVES shall initiate the suspension of a disruptive student from one of its programs when other forms of behavior intervention and disciplinary action have failed unless circumstances otherwise warrant.

1. Suspension may be recommended by an administrator to the home school district for a period of time not to exceed five school days;
2. The student being suspended must be notified of the suspension and the reason for the proposed suspension;
3. The parents/person(s) in parental relation of the student are to be notified in writing by personal delivery, mail delivery or equivalent means within 24 hours with additional notification by telephone, where possible;
4. The student and parent(s) or person(s) in parental relation(s) shall, on request, be given an opportunity for an informal conference with the administrator. Such notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place prior to the suspension of the student unless the student's presence in the school poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the academic process, in which case the notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place as soon after the suspension as is reasonably practicable;
5. A copy of the suspension letter shall be placed in the student's file;
6. Upon return to school for reinstatement, the student should be accompanied, if possible, by either or both parents/person(s) in parental relation for a reinstatement interview. A phone conference may also be required. The administrator may recommend the suspension of a student

with a disability for a period not to exceed five (5) consecutive school days and not to exceed the amount of time a non-disabled student would be subject to suspension for the same behavior unless the particular suspension would result in a disciplinary change of placement. Any student with a disability who has been suspended for any 10 days within a school year must be referred to the Committee on Special Education of the home school district for a manifestation determination hearing. Students with disabilities and their parents should be aware that there are special protections surrounding disciplinary actions that may warrant a manifestation determination and should request specifics of these legal protections from the Committee on Special Education of their home school district;

**B. Long-term (more than 5 days) suspension from school**

Long-term suspension from school, permanent suspension, and removals or suspensions that constitute a disciplinary change of placement for students with disabilities (which could include an interim alternative educational setting) are required to be addressed by the home school district. In order to facilitate review and action according to the disciplinary procedures established within the home district's Code of Conduct or, in the case of a student with disabilities, by a manifestation determination as required by State and federal law, the CVES administrator shall provide appropriate documentation to the appropriate school official of the student's home school district.

**IX. MINIMUM PERIODS OF SUSPENSION**

As prescribed by law, the following behaviors are serious enough to justify referral of students to the home school district for long-term (more than 5 days) suspension from school, permanent suspension, or a manifestation determination:

**A. *Bringing or possessing a firearm as defined by the Gun Free Schools Act to CVES***

Any student found guilty of bringing or possessing a firearm, as defined by 18 USC Section 921 for purposes of the Gun-Free Schools Act, onto CVES property will be subject to suspension from CVES for at least one calendar year. Before being suspended, the student will have an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to Education Law Section 3214. The Superintendent of the home school district has the authority to modify the one-year suspension on a case-by-case basis at the recommendation of CVES administration. In deciding whether to modify the suspension period, the Superintendent of the home school district may consider the student's age, grade in school, prior disciplinary record, potential effectiveness of other forms of discipline, input from parents, teachers and/or others, other extenuating circumstances. A student with a disability may be suspended only in accordance with the requirements of State and federal law.

**B. *Committing violent acts***

Any student who is found to have committed a violent act, other than bringing a firearm onto CVES property as defined by the Gun Free Schools Act, shall be subject to suspension from school for at least five days. If a minimum five-day suspension is proposed, the student and the student's parents or person(s) in parental relation, will be given the same notice and opportunity for an informal conference given to all students subject to a short-term suspension. If the proposed suspension exceeds the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parents or person(s) in parental relation will be given the same notice and opportunity for a hearing given to all students subject to a long-term suspension as per the Code of Conduct of the student's home school district. The home school district has the authority to modify the minimum five-day suspension on a case-by-case basis at the recommendation of CVES administration, using the same factors as were described above for modifying a one-year suspension for possessing a firearm. A student with a disability may be suspended only in accordance with the requirements of State and federal law.

**C. *Repeatedly and substantially disrupting the educational process or repeatedly and substantially interfering with the teacher's authority over the classroom.***

Any student who repeatedly is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teachers' authority over the classroom shall be subjected to a suspension from school for at least five days. If a minimum five-day suspension is proposed, the student and the student's parents or person(s) in parental relation, will be given the same notice and opportunity for an informal conference given to all students subject to a short-term suspension. If the proposed suspension exceeds the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parents or person(s) in parental relation, will be given the same notice and opportunity for a hearing given to all students subject to a long-term suspension as per the Code of Conduct of the student's home school district. CVES has the authority to recommend a modification of the minimum five-day suspension on a case-by-case basis using the same factors as were described above for modifying a one-year suspension for possessing a firearm.

## **X. REFERRALS**

### **A. Supportive Services**

CVES may make recommendations for supportive services.

### **B. PINS Petitions**

A PINS (person in need of supervision) petition may be filed in Family Court on any student under the age of 18 who demonstrates that he or she requires supervision and treatment by:

1. Being habitually truant and not attending school as required by Article 65 of the Education Law;
2. Engaging in an ongoing or continual course of conduct which makes the student ungovernable, or habitually disobedient and beyond the lawful control of the school;
3. Knowingly and unlawfully possessing marijuana in violation of the Penal Law. A single violation will be a sufficient basis for filing a PINS petition.

### **C. Juvenile Delinquents and Juvenile Offenders – The Superintendent is required to refer the following students to the County Attorney for a juvenile delinquency proceeding before the Family Court:**

1. Any student under the age of 16 who is found to have brought a weapon to school; or 2. Any student 14 or 15 years old who qualifies for juvenile offender status under the Criminal Procedure Law.

The Superintendent is required to refer student's age 16 and older or any student 14 or 15 years old who qualifies for juvenile offender status to the appropriate law enforcement authorities.

## **XI. DISCIPLINING STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES**

The Board recognizes that it may be necessary to suspend, remove or otherwise discipline students with disabilities to address disruptive or problem behavior. The Board also recognizes that students with disabilities are afforded certain procedural protections whenever school authorities intend to impose discipline upon them.

The Board is committed to ensuring that the procedures followed for suspending, removing or otherwise disciplining students with disabilities are consistent with the procedural safeguards required by applicable laws and regulations.

This Code of Conduct affords students with disabilities subject to disciplinary action no greater or lesser rights than those expressly afforded by applicable Federal and State law and regulations.

## Authorized Suspensions or Removals of Students with Disabilities

A. For purposes of this section of the Code of Conduct, the following definitions apply.

- (a) *Behavioral intervention plan* means a plan that is based on the results of the functional behavioral assessment and, at a minimum, includes a description of the problem behavior, global and specific hypotheses as to why the problem behavior occurs and intervention strategies that include positive behavioral supports and services to address the behavior.
- (b) *Committee on special education or CSE* means a committee on special education, subcommittee on special education, or other multidisciplinary team established in accordance with Education Law section 4402 or, in the case of a preschool student with a disability, the committee on preschool special education.
- (c) *substance* means a drug or other substance identified under schedule I, II, III, IV, or V in section 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. section 812) (United States Code, 2006 edition, volume 13; Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402-9328; 2008 - available at the Office of Counsel, New York State Education Department, State Education Building Room 148, 89 Washington Avenue, Albany, NY 12234).
- (d) *Day* shall mean a calendar day, except where a school day or business day is specified.
  - (1) *School day* means any day, including a partial day that students are in attendance at school for instructional purposes. The term *school day* has the same meaning for all students in school, including students with and without disabilities.
  - (2) *Business day* means Monday through Friday, except for Federal and State holidays (unless holidays are specifically included in the designation of business day).
- (e) *Disciplinary change in placement* means a suspension or removal from a student's current educational placement that is either:
  - (1) for more than 10 consecutive school days; or
  - (2) for a period of 10 consecutive days or less if the student is subjected to a series of suspensions or removals that constitute a pattern because they cumulate to more than 10 school days in a school year; because the student's behavior is substantially similar to the student's behavior in previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and because of such additional factors as the length of each suspension or removal, the total amount of time the student has been removed and the proximity of the suspensions or removals to one another. The school district determines on a case-by-case basis whether a pattern of removals constitutes a change of placement. This determination is subject to review through due process and judicial proceedings.
- (f) *Expedited due process hearing* means an impartial hearing conducted in an expedited manner under the circumstances and in accordance with the procedures specified in section 201.11 of this Part.
- (g) *Expedited evaluation* means an individual evaluation conducted in an expedited manner under the circumstances and in accordance with the procedures specified in section 201.6 of this Part.
- (h) *Functional behavioral assessment* means a functional behavioral assessment as defined in section 200.1(r) of this Title.
- (i) *Illegal drug* means a controlled substance but does not include a controlled substance legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or a substance that is otherwise legally possessed or used under the authority of the Controlled Substances Act or under any other provision of Federal law.
- (j) *Impartial hearing officer* means an impartial hearing officer as defined in section 200.1(x) of this Title who is appointed to conduct an impartial hearing or expedited due process hearing pursuant to Education Law section 4404(1). Such term shall not include a hearing officer designated by a superintendent of schools to conduct a superintendent's hearing pursuant to Education Law section 3214(3)(c).

- (k) *Interim alternative educational setting or IAES* a temporary educational placement, other than the student's current placement at the time the behavior precipitating the IAES placement occurred. A student who is placed in an IAES shall:
  - (3) continue to receive educational services so as to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals set out in the student's IEP; and
  - (4) receive, as appropriate, a functional behavioral assessment and behavioral intervention services and modifications that are designed to address the behavior violation so that it does not recur.
- (l) *Removal means:*
  - (3) a removal of a student with a disability for disciplinary reasons from that student's current educational placement, other than a suspension as defined in subdivision (r) of this section; and
  - (4) the change in placement of a student with a disability to an IAES by an impartial hearing officer pursuant to section 201.8 of this Part. Such term shall also include the change of placement of a student with a disability to an IAES pursuant to section 201.7(e) of this Part made in conjunction with a suspension.
- (m) *Serious bodily injury* means bodily injury which involves a substantial risk of death, extreme physical pain, protracted and obvious disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ or mental faculty.
- (n) *Student presumed to have a disability for discipline purposes* means a student who the school district is deemed to have knowledge was a student with a disability before the behavior that precipitated disciplinary action under the criteria in section 201.5(b) of this Part.
- (o) *Student with a disability* means a student with a disability as defined in section 200.1(zz) of this Part or a preschool student with a disability as defined in section 200.1(mm) of this Part.
- (p) *Superintendent or superintendent of schools* means a superintendent of schools of a school district, including a community superintendent, or the chief school officer of an approved private school. Such term does not include a district superintendent of schools.
- (q) *Superintendent's hearing* means a disciplinary hearing conducted pursuant to Education Law section 3214(3)(c) and (g) by a superintendent of schools, or a hearing officer designated by a superintendent of schools, to determine whether a student should be suspended from instruction for more than five consecutive school days.
- (r) *Suspension* means suspension pursuant to Education Law section 3214(3)(a) through (d).
- (s) *Weapon* means a weapon, device, instrument, material or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of, causing death or serious bodily injury, except that such term does not include a pocket knife with a blade of less than two and one-half inches in length.

### **201.7 General Procedures for Suspensions and Removals of Students with Disabilities**

- (a) *Parental notice of disciplinary removal.* No later than the date on which a decision is made to change the placement of a student with a disability to an IAES pursuant to subdivision (e) of this section or pursuant to section 201.8 of this Part, or a decision is to impose a suspension or removal pursuant to this Subpart that constitutes a disciplinary change in placement, the parent shall be notified of such decision and shall be provided the procedural safeguards notice in accordance with section 200.5(f) of this Title.
- (b) *Five school day suspension or removal.* Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (d) of this section, the trustees or board of education of any school district, a district superintendent of schools or a building principal with authority to suspend students pursuant to Education Law section 3214(3)(b) and (g), shall have authority to order the placement of a student with a disability into an appropriate interim alternative educational setting, another setting or suspension for a period not to exceed five consecutive school days, and not to exceed the amount of time that a nondisabled student would be subject to suspension for the same behavior.
- (c) *Ten school day suspension or removal.* Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (d) of this section, a superintendent of schools, either directly or upon recommendation of a hearing officer designated to conduct

a superintendent's hearing pursuant to Education Law, section 3214(3)(c) and (g), may order the placement of a student with a disability into an interim alternative educational setting, another setting or suspension for up to 10 consecutive school days, inclusive of any period in which the student has been suspended or removed pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section for the same behavior, where the superintendent determines in accordance with the procedures set forth in Education Law section 3214(3)(c) that the student has engaged in behavior that warrants a suspension, provided that the duration of any such suspension or removal shall not exceed the amount of time that a nondisabled student would be subject to suspension for the same behavior. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (d) of this section, a superintendent of schools may order additional suspensions of not more than 10 consecutive school days in the same school consecutive school days in the same school year for separate incidents of misconduct.

- (d) *Exception for pattern of suspensions or removals.* A student with a disability may not be removed pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c) of this section if imposition of the 5 school day or 10 school day suspension or removal would result in a disciplinary change in placement based on a pattern of suspensions or removals as determined by school personnel in accordance with the criteria set forth in section 201.2(e)(2) of this Part, except where the manifestation team pursuant to section 201.4 of this Part has determined that the behavior was not a manifestation of such student's disability, or the student is placed in an IAES as authorized under subdivision (e) of this section.
- (e) *Change in placement to an IAES for behavior involving serious bodily injury, weapons, illegal drugs or controlled substances.*

(1) A superintendent of schools, either directly or upon recommendation of a hearing officer designated to conduct a superintendent's hearing pursuant to Education Law, section 3214(3)(c), may order the change in placement of a student with a disability to an appropriate IAES, to be determined by the CSE, for up to 45 school days, but not to exceed the period of suspension ordered by the superintendent in accordance with Education Law, section 3214(3), where the student:

- (i) has inflicted serious bodily injury, as defined in section 201.2(m) of this Part, upon another person while at school, on school premises or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the educational agency;
- (ii) carries or possesses a weapon to or at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the educational agency; or
- (iii) knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school, on school premises or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the educational agency.

(2) The period of suspension or removal ordered by the superintendent may not exceed the amount of time that a nondisabled student would be suspended for the same behavior.

- (f) School personnel may consider any unique circumstances on a case-by-case basis when determining whether a change in placement consistent with the other requirements of this Part is appropriate for a student with a disability who violates a school district's code of conduct.

### **Referral to Law Enforcement and Judicial Authorities**

In accordance with the provisions of IDEA and its implementing regulations:

1. The District may report a crime committed by a child with a disability to appropriate authorities, and such action will not constitute a change of the student's placement;
2. the Superintendent shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of a student with disabilities are transmitted for consideration to the appropriate authorities to whom a crime is reported, to the extent permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

## **XII. CORPORAL PUNISHMENT/EMERGENCY INTERVENTIONS**

Corporal punishment as a means of discipline shall not be used against a student by any teacher, administrator, officer, employee or agent of CVES.

The District Superintendent shall submit a written semi-annual report to the Commissioner of Education, by January 15 and July 15 of each year, setting forth the substance of each written complaint about the use of corporal punishment received by school authorities during the reporting period, the results of each investigation, and the action, if any, taken by the school authorities in each case.

Whenever a school employee utilizes a physical intervention when dealing with a student, the school employee shall make an immediate verbal report of the situation to the School Administrator/designee with the written report to follow within 24 hours. The School Administrator/designee shall, within the same school day, report to the Division Director/designee describing in detail the circumstances and the nature of the action taken.

### **Emergency Interventions**

CVES holds the belief that the classroom teacher is the key person responsible for the maintenance of acceptable discipline among students. A well-planned educational environment that keeps students occupied with work that is meaningful, interesting and challenging is the best means of preventing disruptive behavior by students. The Board recognizes, however, that under certain circumstances, a classroom teacher, teacher aide, student support service personnel, supervisor or administrator may find it necessary to resort to reasonable and prudent physical restraint in maintaining order in or on school premises.

Emergency interventions shall only be used in situations where alternative procedures and methods not involving the use of reasonable physical force cannot reasonably be employed. In keeping with the principles established by TCI, emergency interventions shall not be used as a punishment or as a substitute for systematic behavioral interventions that are designed to change, replace, modify or eliminate a targeted behavior. However, if alternative procedures and methods which would not involve physical force do not work, then the use of reasonable physical force is not prohibited for the following reasons:

1. To protect oneself from physical injury;
2. To protect another student or teacher or any other person from physical injury; or
3. To restrain or remove a student whose behavior is interfering with the orderly exercise and performance of school district functions, powers or duties, if that student has refused to comply with a request to refrain from further disruptive acts; provided that alternative procedures and methods not involving the use of physical force cannot reasonably be employed to achieve the purposes set forth above.

The district will maintain documentation on the use of emergency interventions for each student including:

1. Name and date of birth of student;
2. Setting, location, date and time of the incident;
3. Name of staff or other persons involved;
4. Description of the incident and emergency intervention used, including duration;
5. A statement as to whether the student has a current behavioral intervention plan; and
6. Details of any injuries sustained by the student or others, including staff, as a result of the incident.

The parent/person in parental relation of the student shall be notified on the day of the incident and documentation of emergency interventions shall be reviewed by CVES supervisory personnel and, as necessary, by the school nurse or other medical personnel.

### **XIII. STUDENT SEARCHES AND INTERROGATIONS**

CVES is committed to providing an atmosphere for a positive, safe and orderly school environment.

Students are protected from unreasonable searches and seizures. A student may be searched and contraband seized on school grounds or in a school building by a school employee only when the employee has reasonable suspicion to believe the student is engaging in proscribed activity that is in violation of CVES rules.

#### **Lockers**

Lockers are provided for student use and the administration has the right to search lockers. A student may have exclusive use of a locker as far as other students are concerned but the student does not have such exclusivity over the locker as against CVES authorities. Students do not have any reasonable expectation of privacy preventing school officials from opening the locker. Officials who wish to search a closed item (e.g. backpack, purse, etc.) within the locker must have reasonable suspicion to search that item.

#### **Questioning of Students by School Officials**

School officials or designees have the right to question students regarding any violations of school rules or illegal activity. In general, administration may conduct investigations concerning reports of misconduct which may include, but are not limited to, questioning students, staff, parents/person(s) in parental relation, or other individuals as may be appropriate and, when necessary, determining disciplinary action in accordance with applicable due process rights.

Should the questioning of students by school officials focus on the actions of one particular student, the student will be questioned, if possible, in private by the appropriate school administrator. The student's parent/guardian may be contacted.

The questioning of students by school officials does not preclude subsequent questioning/interrogations by police authorities as otherwise permitted by law. Similarly, the questioning of students by school officials does not negate the right/responsibility of school officials to contact appropriate law enforcement agencies, as may be necessary, with regard to such statements given by students to school officials.

School officials acting alone and on their own authority, without the involvement of or on behalf of law enforcement officials (at least until after the questioning of students by school authorities has been conducted) are not required to give the so-called "Miranda warnings" (i.e., advising a person, prior to any custodial interrogations as defined in law, of the right to remain silent, that any statement made by the individual may be used as evidence against him/her, and that the individual has the right to the presence of an attorney, either retained or appointed) prior to the questioning of students.

If deemed appropriate or necessary, the District Superintendent/designee may also review the circumstances with CVES legal counsel so as to address concerns and the course of action, if any, which may pertain to or result from the questioning of students by school officials.



## **Law Enforcement Officials**

It shall be the policy of the Board that a cooperative effort shall be maintained between CVES administration and law enforcement agencies. Law enforcement officials may be summoned in order to conduct an investigation of alleged criminal conduct on school premises or during a school-sponsored activity, or to maintain the educational environment. They may also be summoned for the purpose of maintaining or restoring order when the presence of such officers is necessary to prevent injury to persons or property.

Administrators have the responsibility and the authority to determine when the assistance of law enforcement officers is necessary within their respective jurisdictions. CVES' administrators shall at all times act in a manner that protects the rights of students and parents.

## **Interrogation of Students by Law Enforcement Officials**

If police are involved in the questioning of students on school premises, whether or not at the request of school authorities, it will be in accordance with applicable law and due process rights afforded students. Generally, police authorities may only interview students on school premises without the permission of the parent/guardian in situations where a warrant has been issued for the student's arrest (or removal) or the questioning of students concerns a crime committed on school property. In all other situations, unless an immediate health or safety risk exists, if the police wish to speak to a student without a warrant, they should directly contact the student's parent/person(s) in parental relation.

If possible, questioning of a student by police should take place in private and in the presence of the School Administrator/designee.

## **Child Protective Services' Investigations**

From time to time, Child Protective Services (CPS) may desire to conduct interviews with students on school property. Such interviews generally pertain to allegations of suspected child abuse and/or neglect. CPS will have access to students at school only when there is a court order, parental consent has been obtained or where there is a documented reasonable basis to show that abuse and imminent danger exist.

## **XIV. VISITORS TO THE SCHOOLS**

The Board recognizes the rights of parents or person(s) in parental relation to visit CVES schools and classrooms to observe the work of students, teachers and other staff. Since schools are places of work and learning, however, certain limits must be set for such visits. The School Administrator or designee is responsible for all persons in the building and on the grounds. For these reasons, the following rules apply to visitors to the schools:

1. Anyone who is not a regular staff member or student of the school will be considered a visitor;
2. All visitors to the school must report to the security desk or main office upon arrival at the school; visitors will be required to sign the visitor's register and will follow the prescribed building procedures;
3. Visitors attending CVES functions that are open to the public after school hours are not required to register;
4. Parents or persons in parental relation who wish to observe a classroom while school is in session are required to arrange such visits in advance and with permission of the building administrator in collaboration with the classroom teacher(s);
5. Visitors are encouraged to make appointments with teachers or student support personnel to discuss individual matters rather than taking class or related service time;

6. Any unauthorized person on CVES property will be reported to the School Administrator or designee. Unauthorized persons will be asked to leave. The police may be called if the unauthorized person does not respond to requests or directions from school personnel;
7. All visitors are required to abide by the CVES Code of Conduct;

## **XV. PUBLIC CONDUCT ON CVES PROPERTY**

To create and maintain a safe, orderly and respectful climate, it is necessary to regulate public conduct on CVES property and at CVES functions. For purposes of this section of the Code, “public” shall mean all individuals when on CVES property or attending a CVES function including students, teachers, parents, volunteers, vendors, contractors, CVES staff, component district personnel, and other visitors.

The restrictions on public conduct on CVES property and at CVES functions contained in this Code are not intended to limit freedom of speech or peaceful assembly. CVES recognizes that free inquiry and free expression are indispensable to the objectives of CVES. The purpose of this Code is to maintain public order and prevent abuse of the rights of others.

All individuals on CVES property or attending a CVES function shall conduct themselves in a safe, orderly, and respectful manner. In addition, all persons on CVES property or attending a CVES function are expected to be dressed in accordance with this Code.

### **Prohibited Conduct**

No individual, either alone or with others, shall:

1. Intentionally injure any person or threaten to do so;
2. Intentionally damage, destroy or remove without authorization CVES property or the personal property of a student, teacher, administrator, other CVES employee or any person lawfully on CVES property;
3. Disrupt the orderly conduct of classes, CVES programs, services, other CVES activities, or other CVES work sites/internships;
4. Distribute or wear materials on CVES grounds or at CVES functions that are obscene, advocate illegal action, appear libelous, obstruct the rights of others, or are disruptive to the CVES program or CVES workplace;
5. Intimidate, harass or discriminate against any person on the basis of race, gender, ethnicity, religion, age, political affiliation, sexual orientation, national origin, or disability, or acts of harassment and bullying as defined by this code of conduct or the Dignity for All Students Act.
6. Enter any portion of CVES property without authorization or remain in any building or facility after regular hours;
7. Obstruct the free movement of any person in any place to which this Code applies;
8. Violate the traffic laws, parking regulations or other restrictions on vehicles;
9. Possess, consume, sell, attempt to sell, purchase, attempt to purchase, distribute or exchange alcoholic beverages, tobacco, tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, vaping devices, components, and/or liquids, illegal substances, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, “look-alike drugs,” and other substances (e.g., dietary supplements, weight loss pills) or be under the influence on CVES property or at a CVES function;
10. Possessing, selling, attempting to sell, purchasing, attempting to purchase, distributing or exchanging drug paraphernalia;
11. Possess, use or produce weapons in or on CVES property or at a CVES function, except in the case of law enforcement officers or as specifically authorized by CVES;

12. Loiter on CVES property;
13. Refuse to comply with any reasonable order from identifiable CVES officials performing their duties;
14. Willfully incite others to commit any of the acts prohibited by this Code;
15. Violate any federal or State statute, local ordinance or Board policy while on CVES property or while at a CVES function;
16. Create or enable a hostile learning/work environment;

## **Penalties**

Persons who violate this shall be subject to the following penalties:

1. Visitors: Authorization, if any, to remain on school/CVES grounds or at the school/CVES function may be withdrawn and be directed to leave the premises. If they refuse to leave, they are subject to removal. They shall be subject to disciplinary action as the facts may warrant, in accordance with this Code of Conduct, applicable law and due process requirements;
2. Students: Shall be subject to disciplinary action as the facts may warrant, in accordance with this Code of Conduct, applicable law and due process requirements;
3. Teachers and other CVES staff: Shall be subject to disciplinary action as the facts may warrant, in accordance with this Code of Conduct, applicable law and collective bargaining units and due process requirements;

## **Enforcement**

The School Administrator/designee of an instructional site in any CVES facility shall be responsible for enforcing the conduct required by this Code.

When a CVES employee sees an individual engaged in prohibited conduct, which in his or her judgment does not pose any immediate threat of injury to persons or property, the CVES employee shall tell the individual that the conduct is prohibited and attempt to persuade the individual to stop. The CVES employee shall also warn the individual of the consequences for failing to stop. If the person still refuses to stop engaging in the prohibited conduct, the School Administrator/designee may have the individual removed immediately from CVES property or the CVES function. If necessary, local law enforcement authorities may be contacted to assist in removing the person.

If the person's conduct poses an immediate threat of injury to persons or property, the School Administrator/designee may have the individual removed immediately from CVES property or the CVES function. If necessary, local law enforcement authorities may be contacted to assist in removing the person.

CVES may initiate disciplinary action against any student or staff member, as appropriate. In addition, CVES reserves its right to pursue civil or criminal legal action, if applicable, against any person violating the CVES Code of Conduct.

## **XVI. DISSEMINATION AND REVIEW**

### **Dissemination of Code of Conduct**

The Board will work to ensure that the community is aware of this Code of Conduct by:

1. Providing a public hearing prior to the Board approval of the Code of Conduct;

2. Providing copies of the Code of Conduct to all students at the beginning of each school year;
3. Providing the Code of Conduct to all parents of CVES students at the beginning of the school year and making it available upon request;
4. Providing all CVES employees with a copy of the Code of Conduct and a copy of any amendments to the Code of Conduct as soon as practicable after adoption;
5. Providing all new employees with a copy of the Code of Conduct when they are hired;
6. Making the Code of Conduct available for review on the CVES website and by other means to students, parents and other community members;
7. Providing the Code of Conduct to all component school districts;

The Board will sponsor an in-service education program for all CVES employees to ensure the effective implementation of the Code of Conduct. The District Superintendent may solicit the recommendation of CVES employees, particularly teachers and administrators, regarding in-service programs pertaining to the management and discipline of students.

The Board will review this Code of Conduct every year and update it as necessary. In conducting the review, the Board will consider how effective the Code of Conduct's provisions have been and whether the Code of Conduct has been applied fairly and consistently.

Before approving any revisions to the Code of Conduct, the Board will hold at least one public hearing at which CVES employees, parents, students and any other interested party may participate.

The administration shall develop guidelines in regard to:

- School training programs to discourage discrimination and harassment and that are designed to raise the awareness of sensitivity of school employees to potential discrimination and harassment in order to prevent and respond to discrimination and harassment;
- Nondiscriminatory instructional and counseling methods; and
- Requiring at least one staff member at every school to be thoroughly trained to handle human relations in the areas covered by DASA;

The Code of Conduct and any amendments to it will be filed with the Commissioner no later than 30 days after adoption.

Adopted July 12, 2023